

SCRIPTURE



1. Introduction

2. Weakness of Evolution



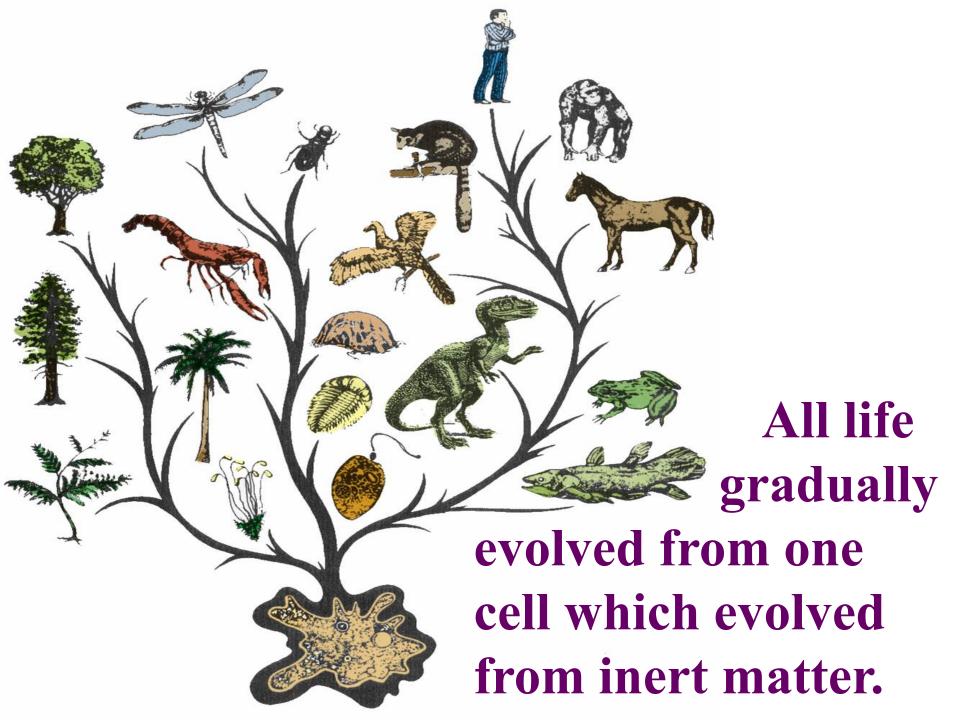
"... there is no doubt that living things have changed over time. How and why have living things changed? ... Today scientists know that the answers to these questions lie in the process of evolution."

Evolution: Change Over Time

"Evolution itself has long since passed out of the field of scientific controversy. There is no other subject on which scientific opinion is so completely unanimous. It is the one great truth we most surely know."

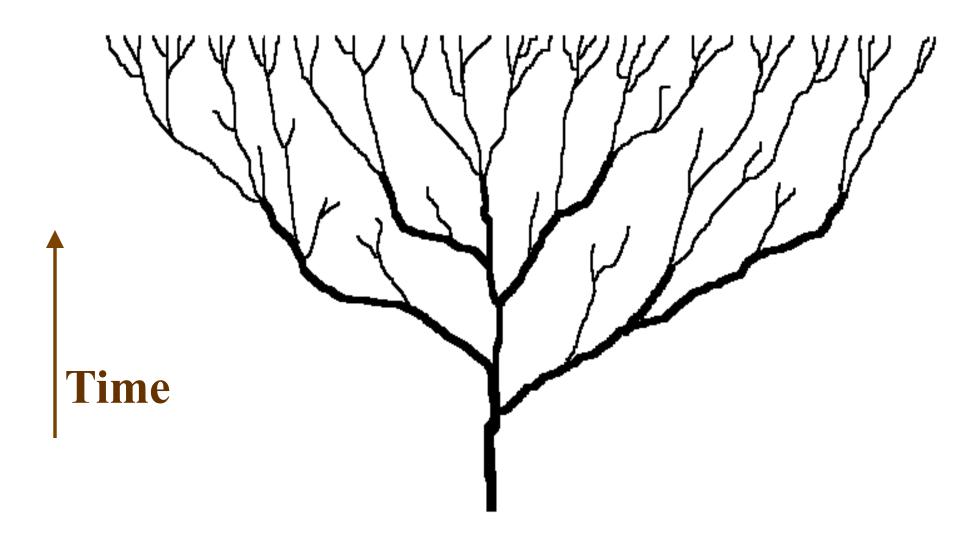
William Patten

"The diversity of life on earth is the outcome of evolution: unsupervised, impersonal, unpredictable & natural process of temporal descent with genetic modification that is affected by natural selection, chance, historical contingencies & changing environments."



EVOLUTION MODEL

- 1. Life by natural processes through chance
- 2. Random mutations of genetic instructions
- 3. Struggle for existence by natural selection
- 4. Geological formations over billions of years

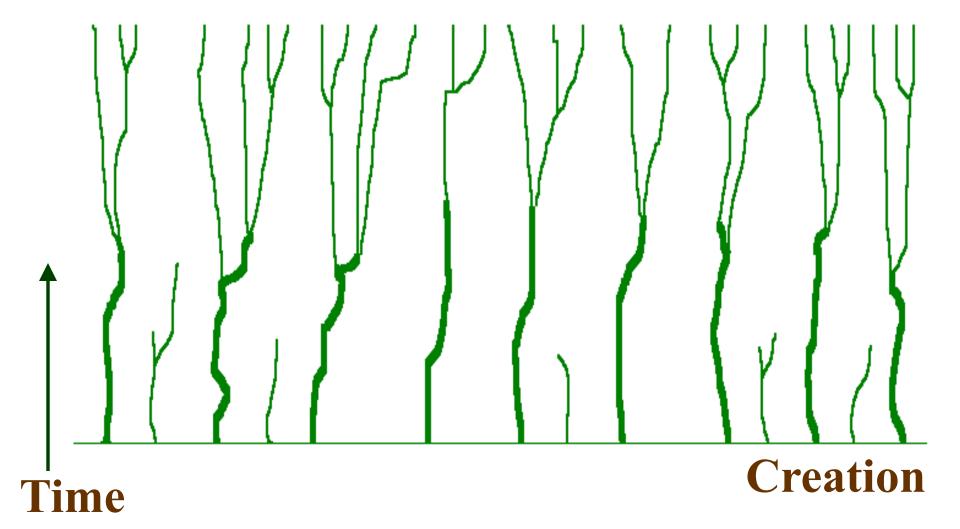


Evolutionary Tree



CREATION MODEL

- 1. Life by direct actions of a Creator
- 2. Organisms as separate distinct creations
- 3. Degeneration after Fall of man
- 4. Geological formations by world-wide flood

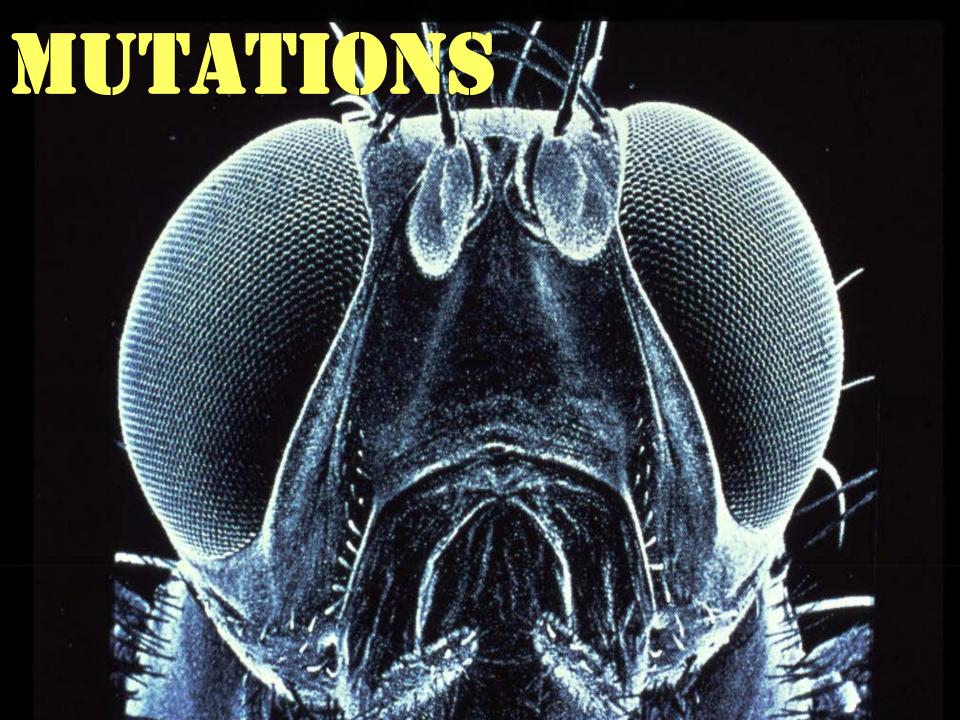


Creationist Orchard

WEAKNESS OF EVOLUTION

- >Mechanism -
- >Support -
- **Destroying** -
- > Against -

- None
- Superficial
- Past Support
- **Supports Creation**



Sudden small changes in the DNA code of genes which are passed on



"It must not be forgotten that mutation is the ultimate source of all genetic variation found in natural populations & the only new material available for natural selection to work."

Ernst Mayr

* Mechanism -

Frequent
Many
Beneficial

Research -160 years



TRANSITIONAL FORMS

From
Plant Life
to Animal
Life



1. Rare



1/10,000 to 1/1,000,000 / gene / generation

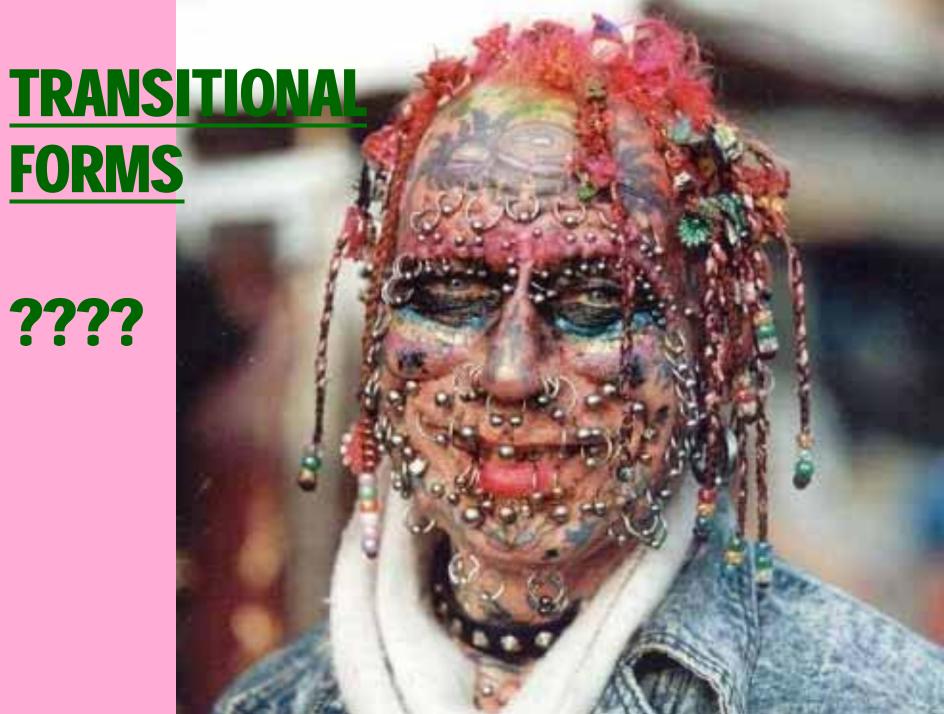
or 1/10,000,000 / DNA duplication

- 1. Rare
- 2. Unpredictable



FORMS

????



"It remains true to say that we know of no way other than random mutation by which new hereditary variation comes into being, nor any process other than natural selection by which the hereditary constitution changes from one generation to the next." **CH Maddington**

- 1. Rare
- 2. Unpredictable
- 3. Harmful



"Most mutations are bad. In fact, good ones are so rare we can consider them all bad."

- well over 99% bad

HJ Muller

- 1. Rare
- 2. Unpredictable
- 3. Harmful
- 4. Genetic Burden



GENETIC BURDEN

Burden that drags down the genetic quality of a species



- 1. Rare
- 2. Unpredictable
- 3. Harmful
- 4. Genetic Burden
- 5. Pathological
- 6. Rejection
- 7. Information Loss



"... in all the reading I' ve done in the life-sciences literature, I've never found a mutation that added information."

Lee Spetner

MUTATIONS FACTS

Mutations Occur

EVOLUTION

CREATION

Mechanism

Destructive

"To make evolution happen – or even to make evolution a scientific theory – evolutionists need some kind of 'genetic script writer' to increase the quantity & quality of genetic information...."

Gary Parker

CONCLUSION

> No Mechanism for Evolution

Evidence ofDegeneration

Frank & Ernest



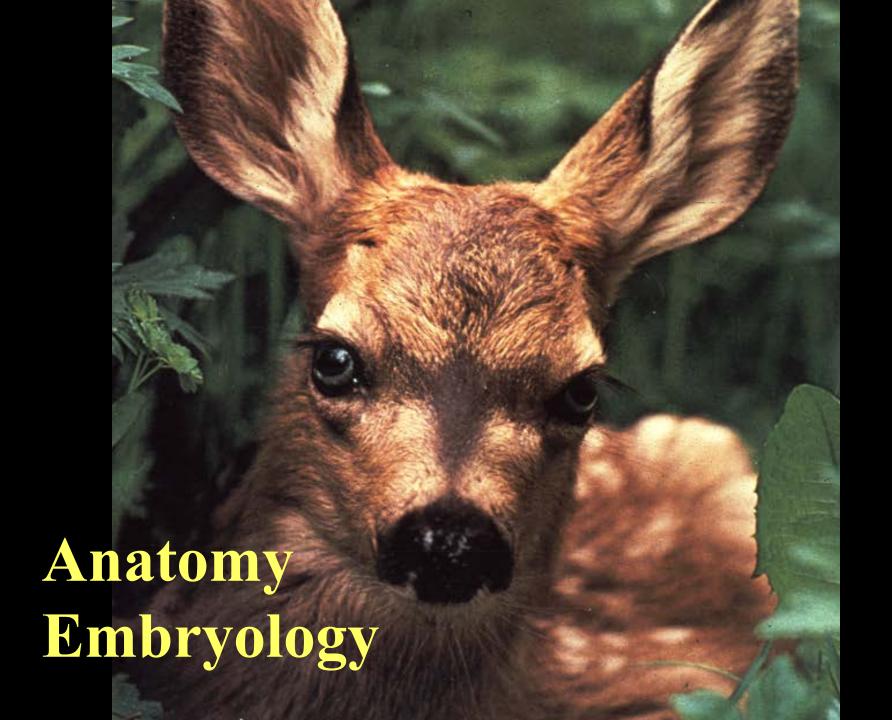
WEAKNESS OF EVOLUTION



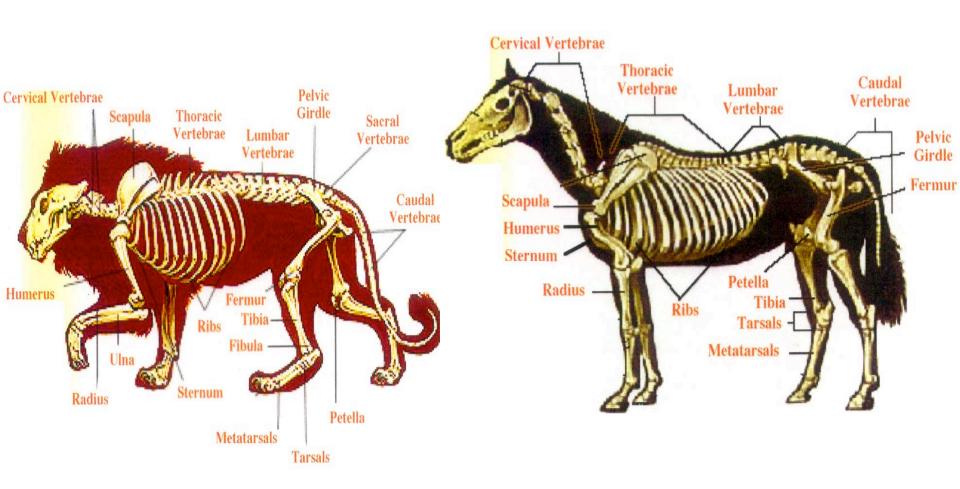
EVIDENCE?

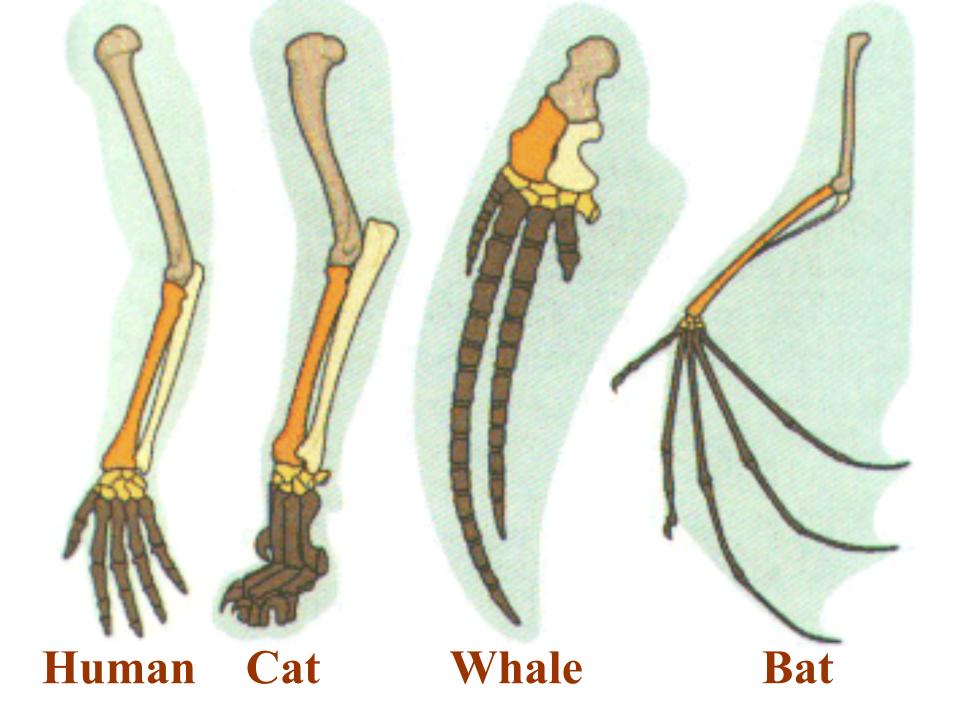
1. Comparative Anatomy





COMPARATIVE ANATOMY

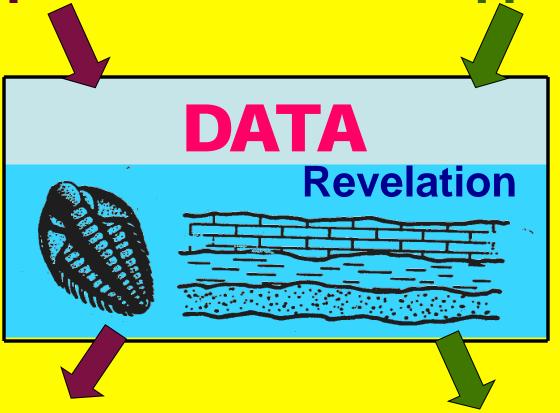




Similar Structures -> Common Ancestry

Presupposition A

Presupposition B



Interpretation A

Interpretation B

Similar Structures -> Common Ancestry

OR
Similar Design ->
Common Designer

Updated Version:

Human DNA = 95% Primate DNA

EVIDENCE?

- 1. Comparative Anatomy
- 2. Microevolution



Microevolution -> Macroevolution

EXAMPLES

- ✓ Peppered Moths
- ✓ Finches
- ✓ Selective Breeding



Microevolution -> Macroevolution

OR Completion -> Variation

CREATIONISM

- 1. Scripture
- 2. Adaptation not evolution
- 3. Genetic Info
- 4. No New Species
- 5. Fit to Environment

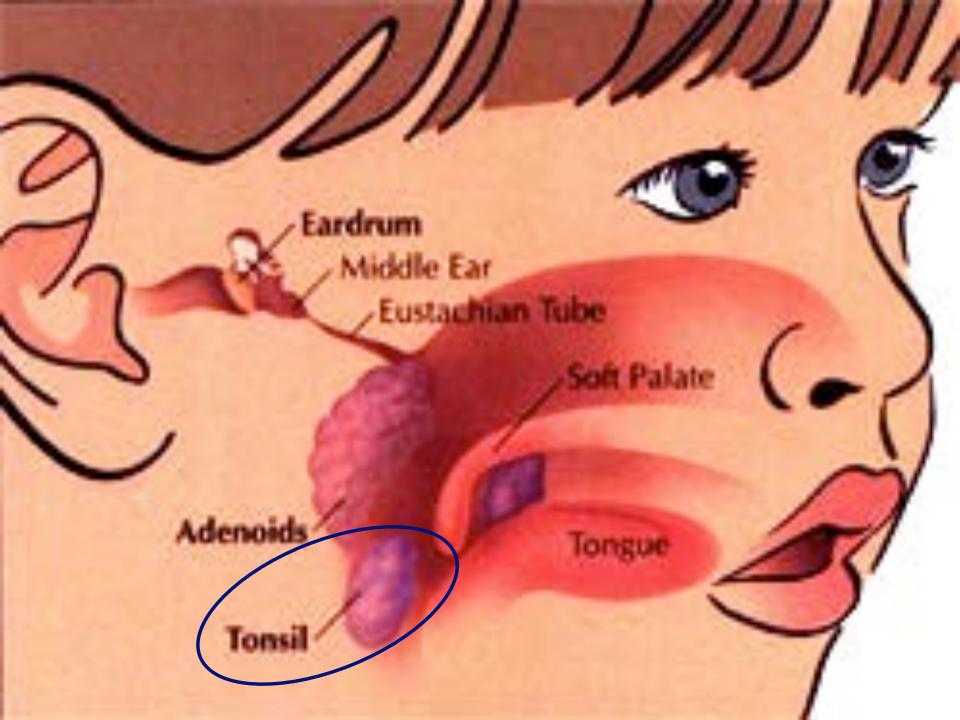
EVIDENCE?

- 1. Comparative Anatomy
- 2. Microevolution

3. Vestigial Organs

VESTIGIAL ORGANS

Evolution - Left Over Parts



VESTIGIAL ORGANS

- **Evolution Left Over Parts**
- >Creation -
 - **Discovery of Use**
 - **DNA Different**
 - Less than Expected
 - **Poor Examples**
 - Do not Disappear

Updated Version:

Junk DNA

EVIDENCE?

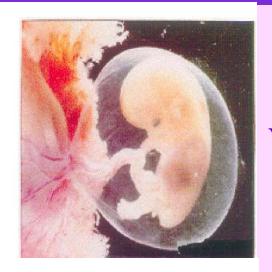
- 1. Comparative Anatomy
- 2. Microevolution

- 3. Vestigial Organs
- 4. Embryology

EMBRYOLOGY

5th Week





8th Week

4th Month

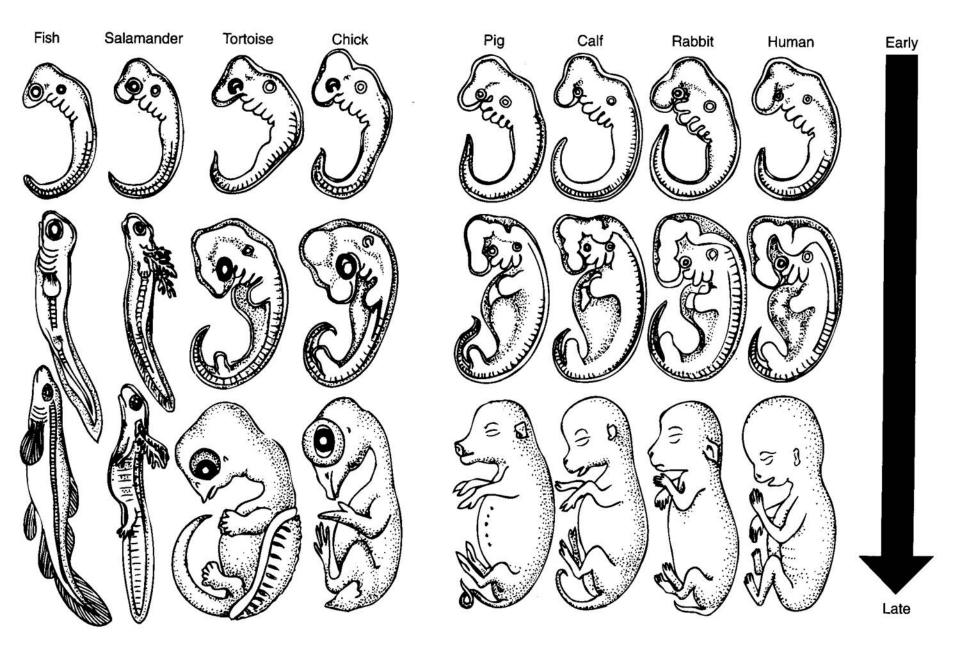






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Recapitulation Theory



Haeckel's Fraudulent Drawings



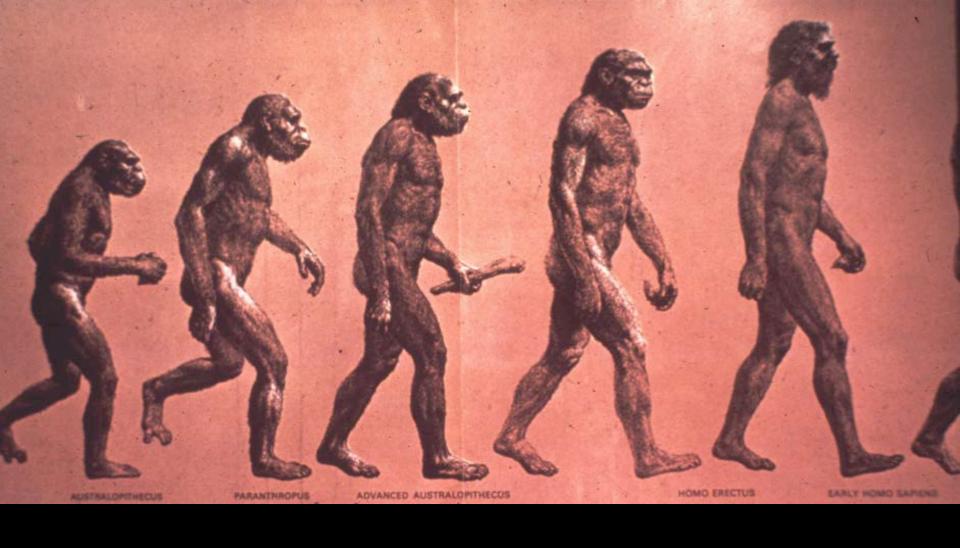
EVIDENCE?

- 1. Comparative Anatomy
- 2. Microevolution

- 3. Vestigial Organs
- 4. Embryology
- 5. Anthropology

ANTHROPOLOGY





Ramapithicus Homo Erectus Austrolopithines Homo Sapien



THE OTHER SIDE

Where we are going depends on where we came from



WEAKNESS OF EVOLUTION

> Mechanism -None >Support -Superficial > Past Support -Destroying

FOSSIL RECORD

- 1. Abrupt Appearance
- 2. Complex Forms
- 3. No Transitional Forms
- 4. Inconsistencies
- 5. Persistence of Kinds

"In any case, no real evolutionist, whether gradualist or punctuationist, uses the fossil record as evidence in favor of the theory of evolution as opposed to special creation."

Mark Ridley

"The absence of fossil evidence for intermediary stages between major transitions in organic design, indeed our inability, even in our imagination, to construct functional intermediates in many cases, has been a persistent & nagging problem for gradualistic accounts of evolution."

Steven Jay Gould

CONCLUSION

Fossil Record Destroys Evolution

And Supports

Creation Science

THE MYTH OF EVOLUTION

"Ultimately the Darwinian theory of evolution is no more nor less than the great cosmogenic myth of the 20th century."

Michael Denton

WEAKNESS OF EVOLUTION

>Mechanism -

None

>Support -

Superficial

>Past Support -

Destroying

> Against -

Supports Creation

WHY EVOLUTION?

► It is Man's best explanation leaving God out.



If God is Creator, then all men stand accountable to Him.